## $e^+e^-$ scattering in the Standard Model

The photon (Z-boson) interaction with fermions is given by the following Lagrangian

$$L_{\bar{f}f\gamma} = ieQ_f \bar{f}\gamma_\mu A^\mu f \,, \tag{1}$$

$$L_{\bar{f}fZ} = \frac{ie}{4s_w c_w} \bar{f} \gamma_\mu (g_V^f + g_A^f \gamma_5) Z^\mu f \,. \tag{2}$$

Here  $Q_f$  is the charge of a fermion f in the unit of the electron charge  $(Q_{e^-} = 1)$ .  $c_w = \cos \theta_W$  and  $s_W = \sin \theta_W$ , where  $\theta_W$  is the Weinberg angle.

The vector and axial-vector couplings satisfy the following relation

$$\frac{g_V^f}{g_A^f} = 1 - 4|Q_f|\sin\theta_W.$$
(3)

For example,

$$g_V^e = -1 + 4\sin^2\theta_W, \qquad \qquad g_A^e = -1.$$
 (4)

• Show that at the leading order the unpolarized cross-section for

 $e^+e^- \xrightarrow{\gamma, Z} f\bar{f}$ 

scattering at  $s \simeq M_Z^2$ , where  $M_Z$  is the mass of the Z-boson, is given by the following expression (neglect fermion masses and all terms which are of order  $\mathcal{O}(s - M_Z^2)$ )

$$\frac{d\sigma(s)}{d\cos\theta} = \sigma(s) \left[ \frac{3}{8} (1 + \cos^2\theta) + A_{FB}^f \cos\theta \right] , \qquad (5)$$

where

$$A_{FB}^{f} = \frac{3}{4} A_{e} A_{f}, \qquad (FB = \text{forward-back asymmetry})$$
(6)

$$A_f = 2 \frac{g_V^f g_A^f}{(g_V^f)^2 + (g_A^f)^2} \,. \tag{7}$$

• Calculate the cross section in the limit  $s \gg M_Z^2$  (i.e. derive an analog of Eq. (5)).