

## Monads and their applications 8

### Exercise 1.

Let  $\mathcal{V}$ ,  $\mathcal{W}$ ,  $\mathcal{U}$  be monoidal categories and let  $(F, \varphi_0, \varphi): \mathcal{V} \rightarrow \mathcal{W}$  and  $(G, \psi_0, \psi): \mathcal{W} \rightarrow \mathcal{U}$  is lax monoidal with structure morphisms  $\gamma_0 = G(\varphi_0) \cdot \psi_0$  and  $\gamma_{X,Y} = G(\varphi_{X,Y}) \cdot \psi_{FX,FY}$ . Show that monoidal natural transformations can be whiskered on either side with lax monoidal functors.

### Exercise 2.

Let  $(F, \varphi_0, \varphi): \mathcal{V} \rightarrow \mathcal{W}$  be strong monoidal and suppose that the underlying functor  $F$  has a right adjoint  $U$ . Show that the composites

$$I_{\mathcal{V}} \xrightarrow{\eta_{I_{\mathcal{V}}}} UF(I) \xrightarrow{U(\varphi_0^{-1})} U(I_{\mathcal{W}})$$

and

$$\begin{array}{ccc} UX \otimes_{\mathcal{V}} UY & \xrightarrow{\eta_{UX \otimes_{\mathcal{V}} UY}} & UF(UX \otimes_{\mathcal{V}} UY) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow U\varphi_{UX,UY}^{-1} \\ U(X \otimes_{\mathcal{W}} Y) & \xleftarrow{U(\varepsilon_X \otimes_{\mathcal{W}} \varepsilon_Y)} & U(FUX \otimes_{\mathcal{W}} FUY) \end{array}$$

endow  $U$  with the structure of a lax monoidal functor, and that  $\eta$ ,  $\varepsilon$  are monoidal natural transformations for this structure if the composites  $UF$  and  $FU$  are given the lax monoidal structure of Exercise 1.

### Exercise 3.

Let  $\mathcal{V}$ ,  $\mathcal{W}$ , be monoidal categories,  $(F, \varphi_0, \varphi): \mathcal{V} \rightarrow \mathcal{W}$  a strong monoidal left adjoint, and  $f: S \rightarrow T$  a function of sets.

- Show that  $f$  induces a strong monoidal  $f_*: \mathbf{Mat}(\mathcal{V}, S) \rightarrow \mathbf{Mat}(\mathcal{W}, T)$ .
- Show that  $F$  induces a strong monoidal  $F: \mathbf{Mat}(\mathcal{V}, S) \rightarrow \mathbf{Mat}(\mathcal{V}, S)$ .
- Use Exercise 2 to show that these are both monoidal adjunctions.

### Exercise 4.

Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a complete category,  $a, b$  objects of  $\mathcal{C}$ . Recall that  $\langle a, b \rangle$  is defined to be the right Kan extension of  $b: * \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$  along  $a: * \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ . Show that

$$(\mathbf{Ob}(\mathcal{C}), (\langle a, b \rangle)_{(a,b) \in \mathbf{Ob} \mathcal{C} \times \mathbf{Ob}(\mathcal{C})})$$

defines a category enriched in the monoidal category  $[\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{C}]$  of endofunctors.

**Exercise 5.** (*bonus*)

There are two natural monoidal functors  $\mathcal{V} \rightarrow [\mathcal{V}, \mathcal{V}]$  given by tensoring in either side. Under what conditions do these have a right adjoint? (For example, is locally presentable enough?) Applying Exercise 3(b) to the enriched category of Exercise 4, we get two  $\mathcal{V}$ -category structures on  $\mathcal{V}$ . Describe them explicitly. (Hint: you only need to know what the right adjoint does to functors of the form  $\langle V, W \rangle$ ).