

## Exercise: Quantum Computing

### Problem set 3 (to be discussed in week of November 14, 2020)

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#### Problem 1 Matrix Representation of Quantum Fourier Transform

In the lecture we discuss the Quantum Fourier Transform defined through its action

$$|x\rangle \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^N}} \sum_{k=0}^{2^N-1} e^{2\pi i x k / 2^N} |k\rangle$$

on the basis states  $|x\rangle \in \{|0\rangle, \dots, |2^N - 1\rangle\}$  with number of qubits  $N$ . Give a matrix representation for  $N = 3$ .

#### Problem 2 Quantum Fourier Transform and Elementary Gates

We have established previously how to relate a general gate operation to only the single-qubit  $H$ ,  $R_\phi$ , and the two-qubit CNOT gates. How many  $H$ ,  $R_\phi$ , and CNOT gates, respectively, are required to implement the Quantum Fourier Transform circuit given in the lecture?

#### Problem 3 Quantum Fourier Transform is Unitary

Show that the Quantum Fourier Transform is unitary.

#### Problem 4 Inverse Quantum Fourier Transform

In the lecture we give a quantum circuit to perform the Quantum Fourier Transform. Give a circuit to perform its inverse operation.

#### Problem 5 Simulation of Quantum Fourier Transform

Implement the Quantum Fourier Transform for general  $N$  in the simulator <http://github.com/lehner/sqc>. Using this implementation, perform the Quantum Fourier Transform for  $N = 3$  on all basis vectors.