# Exercise: Quantum Computing Problem set 3 (to be discussed in week of May 18, 2020)

Since May 21 is a holiday, the following problem set will only be discussed on Friday, May 22st and is **optional**. Attendance will not be taken.

# Problem 1 Matrix Representation of Quantum Fourier Transform

In the lecture we discuss the Quantum Fourier Transform defined through its action

$$|x\rangle \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^N}} \sum_{k=0}^{2^N-1} e^{2\pi i x k/2^N} |k\rangle$$

on the basis states  $|x\rangle \in \{|0\rangle, \dots, |2^N - 1\rangle\}$  with number of qubits N. Give a matrix representation for N = 3.

## Problem 2 Quantum Fourier Transform and Elementary Gates

We have established previously how to relate a general gate operation to only the single-qubit H,  $R_{\phi}$ , and the two-qubit CNOT gates. How many H,  $R_{\phi}$ , and CNOT gates, respectively, are required to implement the Quantum Fourier Transform circuit given in the lecture?

#### Problem 3 Quantum Fourier Transform is Unitary

Show that the Quantum Fourier Transform is unitary.

#### Problem 4 Inverse Quantum Fourier Transform

In the lecture we give a quantum circuit to perform the Quantum Fourier Transform. Give a circuit to perform its inverse operation.

### Problem 5 Simulation of Quantum Fourier Transform

Implement the Quantum Fourier Transform for general N in the simulator http://github.com/lehner/sqc. Using this implementation, perform the Quantum Fourier Transform for N=3 on all basis vectors.